

GRIN2D Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type Primary Antibody

Code BT-AP00817

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Size 100ul, 50ul, 20ul

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human GRIN2D Polyclonal

Mol wt N/A

Species reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Clonality Polyclonal

Recommended application WB, ELISA

Full name Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4

Synonyms Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4 (EB11;N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype

2D;NMDAR2D;NR2D); Glutamate [NMDA; receptor subunit epsilon-4; EB11; N-methyl D-aspartate

receptor subtype 2D; NMDAR2D; NR2D)

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

Concentration

N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D).

Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

ELISA: 1: 10000 - 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

2 3T3

Images



1 mouse-liver

Western blot analysis of various lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody was diluted

at 1:20000

Storage

-20°C for 1 year