

Cortactin Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type Primary Antibody

Code BT-AP02137

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Size 20ul, 50ul, 100ul

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from mouse Cortactin. AA range:441-490

Mol wt 61636

Species reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey

Clonality Polyclonal

Recommended application WB, IHC-p, IF, ELISA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Full name Cortactin Antibody

Synonyms CTTN; EMS1; Src substrate cortactin; Amplaxin; Oncogene EMS1

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

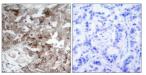
This gene is overexpressed in breast cancer and squamous cell carcinomas of the head and neck. The encoded protein is localized in the cytoplasm and in areas of the cell-substratum contacts. This gene has two roles: (1) regulating the interactions between components of adherens-type junctions and (2) organizing the cytoskeleton and cell adhesion structures of epithelia and carcinoma cells. During apoptosis, the encoded protein is degraded in a caspase-dependent manner. The aberrant regulation of this gene contributes to tumor cell invasion and metastasis. Three splice variants that encode different isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]CTTN (Cortactin) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with CTTN include ampulla of vater adenocarcinoma and ethmoid sinus cancer. Among its related pathways are Signaling by GPCR and Signaling by Rho GTPases. GO annotations related to this gene include profilin binding. An important paralog of this gene is DBN1. ontributes to the organization of the actin cytoskeleton and cell shape (PubMed: 21296879). Plays a role in the formation of lamellipodia and in cell migration. Plays a role in the regulation of neuron morphology, axon growth and formation of neuronal growth cones (By similarity). Through its interaction with CTTNBP2, involved in the regulation of neuronal spine density (By similarity). Plays a role in the invasiveness of cancer cells, and the formation of metastases (PubMed: 16636290). Plays a role in focal adhesion assembly and turnover (By similarity). In complex with ABL1 and MYLK regulates cortical actin-based cytoskeletal rearrangement critical to sphingosine 1-phosphate (S1P)-mediated endothelial cell (EC) barrier enhancement (PubMed: 20861316). Plays a role in intracellular protein transport and endocytosis, and in modulating the levels of potassium channels present at the cell membrane (PubMed: 17959782). Plays a role in receptor-mediated endocytosis via clathrin-coated pits (By similarity). Required for stabilization of KCNH1 channels at the cell membrane (PubMed: 23144454).

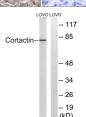
Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000 IHC: 1: 100 - 1: 300 IF: 1: 200 - 1: 1000 ELISA: 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using Cortactin Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Western blot analysis of lysates from LOVO cells, using Cortactin Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Storage

-20°C for one year

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