

## GABAA R Alpha1 Polyclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-AP03424
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	20ul, 50ul, 100ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GABAA Ralpha1. AA range:312-361
<b>Mol wt</b>	51802
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	IHC-p, WB, ELISA
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	GABAA Ralpha1 Antibody
<b>Synonyms</b>	GABRA1; Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-1; GABA(A) receptor subunit alpha-1

**This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.**

### Background

GABRA1 encodes a gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) receptor. GABA is the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the mammalian brain where it acts at GABA-A receptors, which are ligand-gated chloride channels. Chloride conductance of these channels can be modulated by agents such as benzodiazepines that bind to the GABA-A receptor. GABA-A receptors are pentameric, consisting of proteins from several subunit classes: alpha, beta, gamma, delta and rho. Mutations in this gene cause juvenile myoclonic epilepsy and childhood absence epilepsy type 4. Multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been identified for this gene.

### Recommended Dilution

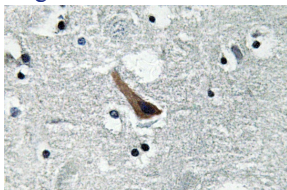
WB: 1: 500 - 2000

ELISA: 1: 20000

IHC: 1: 100 - 1: 300

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of GABAA R $\alpha$ 1 antibody in paraffin-embedded human brain tissue.

### Storage

-20°C for one year