

## Laminin Gamma-3 Polyclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-AP04947
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	20ul, 50ul, 100ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human LAMC3. AA range:1361-1410
<b>Mol wt</b>	172051
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	WB, IHC-p, IF, ELISA
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	Laminin gamma-3 Antibody
<b>Synonyms</b>	LAMC3; Laminin subunit gamma-3; Laminin-12 subunit gamma; Laminin-14 subunit gamma; Laminin-15 subunit gamma

**This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.**

### Background

Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Laminins are composed of 3 non identical chains: laminin alpha, beta and gamma (formerly A, B1, and B2, respectively) and they form a cruciform structure consisting of 3 short arms, each formed by a different chain, and a long arm composed of all 3 chains. Each laminin chain is a multidomain protein encoded by a distinct gene. Several isoforms of each chain have been described. Different alpha, beta and gamma chain isomers combine to give rise to different heterotrimeric laminin isoforms which are designated by Arabic numerals in the order of their discovery, i.e. Alpha1beta1gamma1 heterotrimer is laminin 1. The biological functions of the different chains and trimer molecules are largely unknown, but some of the chains have been shown to differ with respect to their tissue distribution, presumably reflecting diverse functions in vivo. LAMC3 encodes the gamma chain isoform laminin, gamma 3. The gamma 3 chain is most similar to the gamma 1 chain, and contains all the 6 domains expected of the gamma chain. It is a component of laminin 12. The gamma 3 chain is broadly expressed in skin, heart, lung, and the reproductive tracts. In skin, it is seen within the basement membrane of the dermal-epidermal junction at points of nerve penetration. Gamma 3 is also a prominent element of the apical surface of ciliated epithelial cells of lung, oviduct, epididymis, ductus deferens, and seminiferous tubules. The distribution of gamma 3-containing laminins along ciliated epithelial surfaces suggests that the apical laminins are important in the morphogenesis and structural stability of the ciliated processes of these cells.

### Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

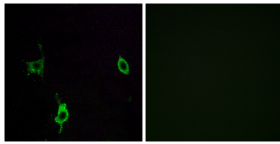
IHC: 1: 100 - 1: 300

IF: 1: 200 - 1: 1000

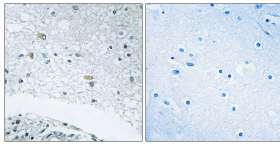
ELISA: 1: 40000

Not yet tested in other applications.

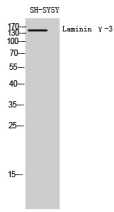
### Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of LOVO cells, using LAMC3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using LAMC3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of SH-SY5Y cells using Laminin  $\gamma$ -3 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000

### Storage

-20°C for one year

501 Changsheng S Rd, Nanhu Dist, Jiaxing, Zhejiang, China

Tel: 86 21 31007137 | E-mail: [save@bt-laboratory.com](mailto:save@bt-laboratory.com) | [www.bt-laboratory.com](http://www.bt-laboratory.com)