

IDH3G Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type	Primary Antibody
Code	BT-AP08598
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Size	20ul, 50ul, 100ul
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Mol wt	N/A
Species reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Recommended application	WB, ELISA
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Full name	Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit gamma, mitochondrial
Synonyms	Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit gamma; mitochondrial (EC 1.1.1.41; Isocitric dehydrogenase subunit gamma; NAD(+)-specific ICDH subunit gamma)

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses| one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases| which localize to the mitochondrial matrix| and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases| one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the allosterically regulated rate-limiting step of the tricarboxylic acid cycle. Each isozyme is a heterotetramer that is composed of two alpha subunits| one beta subunit| and one gamma subunit. The protein encoded by this gene is the gamma subunit of one isozyme of NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase. This gene is a candidate gene for p

Recommended Dilution

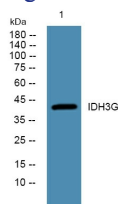
WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

ELISA: 1: 5000 - 1: 20000

ELISA: 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°C overnight

Storage

-20°C for 1 year

