

## GPDA Polyclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-AP09586
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	20ul, 50ul, 100ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 210-290
<b>Mol wt</b>	N/A
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	WB, ELISA
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase [NAD
<b>Synonyms</b>	Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase [NAD;+], cytoplasmic ;GPD-C;GPDH-C;EC 1.1.1.8

**This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.**

### Background

This gene encodes a member of the NAD-dependent glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase family. The encoded protein plays a critical role in carbohydrate and lipid metabolism by catalyzing the reversible conversion of dihydroxyacetone phosphate (DHAP) and reduced nicotinic adenine dinucleotide (NADH) to glycerol-3-phosphate (G3P) and NAD<sup>+</sup>. The encoded cytosolic protein and mitochondrial glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase also form a glycerol phosphate shuttle that facilitates the transfer of reducing equivalents from the cytosol to mitochondria. Mutations in this gene are a cause of transient infantile hypertriglyceridemia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene.

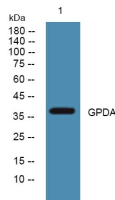
### Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

ELISA: 1: 5000 - 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from HCT116 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°C overnight

### Storage

-20°C for 1 year