

Beta-1,4-Gal-T2 Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type Primary Antibody

Code BT-AP09785

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Size 20ul, 50ul, 100ul

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human β-1,4-Gal-T2.

Mol wt 41972

Species reactivity Human, Mouse

Clonality Polyclonal

Recommended application IHC-p, ELISA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Full name beta-1,4-Gal-T2 Antibody

Synonyms B4GALT2; Beta-1; 4-galactosyltransferase 2; Beta-1,4-GalTase 2; Beta4Gal-T2; b4Gal-T2; UDP-Gal:beta-

 $GlcNAc\ beta-1, 4-galactosyltransferase\ 2;\ UDP-galactose: beta-N-acetylglucosamine\ 3;\ UDP-galactose: beta-N-acetylglucosamine\$

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

B4GALT2 (beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 2) is one of seven beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GalT) genes. They encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate UDP-galactose; all transfer galactose in a beta1,4 linkage to similar acceptor sugars: glcNAc, Glc, and Xyl. Each beta4GalT has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates and saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus and which then remains uncleaved to function as a transmembrane anchor. By sequence similarity, the beta4GalTs form four groups: beta4GalT1 and beta4GalT2, beta4GalT3 and beta4GalT4, beta4GalT5 and beta4GalT6, and beta4GalT7. The enzyme encoded by B4GALT2 synthesizes N-acetyllactosamine in glycolipids and glycoproteins. Its substrate specificity is affected by alphalactalbumin but it is not expressed in lactating mammary tissue. Three transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for B4GALT2.

Recommended Dilution

IHC: 1: 100 - 1: 300 ELISA: 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images

No images.

Storage

-20°C for one year