

KI2S2 Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type Primary Antibody

Code BT-AP10684

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Size 20ul, 50ul, 100ul

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 131-180

Mol wt N/A

Species reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Clonality Polyclonal

Recommended application WB, ELISA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Full name Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor 2DS2

Synonyms Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor 2DS2 ;CD158 antigen-like family member J;MHC class I NK cell

receptor;NK receptor 183 ActI;Natural killer-associated transcript 5;NKAT-5;p58 natural

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

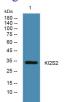
Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the

Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000 ELISA: 1: 5000 - 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from DU145 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°C overnight

Storage

-20°C for 1 year