

## NB5R2 Polyclonal Antibody

### Description

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Product type</b>            | Primary Antibody  |
| <b>Code</b>                    | BT-AP11706  |
| <b>Host</b>                    | Rabbit  |
| <b>Isotype</b>                 | IgG   |
| <b>Size</b>                    | 20ul, 50ul, 100ul   |
| <b>Immunogen</b>               | Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 120-200 |
| <b>Mol wt</b>                  | N/A   |
| <b>Species reactivity</b>      | Human, Rat, Mouse   |
| <b>Clonality</b>               | Polyclonal  |
| <b>Recommended application</b> | WB, ELISA   |
| <b>Concentration</b>           | 1 mg/ml   |
| <b>Full name</b>               | NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 2  |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                | NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 2 ;b5R.2;EC 1.6.2.2                      |

**This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.**

### Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the flavoprotein pyridine nucleotide cytochrome reductase family of proteins. Cytochrome b-type NAD(P)H oxidoreductases are implicated in many processes including cholesterol biosynthesis, fatty acid desaturation and elongation, and respiratory burst in neutrophils and macrophages. Cytochrome b5 reductases have soluble and membrane-bound forms that are the product of alternative splicing. In animal cells, the membrane-bound form binds to the endoplasmic reticulum, where it is a member of a fatty acid desaturation complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

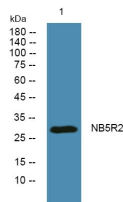
### Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

ELISA: 1: 5000 - 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°C overnight

### Storage

-20°C for 1 year