

Rad17(Phospho Ser645) Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type	Primary Antibody
Code	BT-AP13500
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Size	20ul, 50ul, 100ul
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human RAD17 around the phosphorylation site of Ser645. AA range:621-670
Mol wt	77055
Species reactivity	Human, Mouse
Clonality	Polyclonal
Recommended application	WB, ELISA
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Full name	Cell cycle checkpoint protein RAD17
Synonyms	Cell cycle checkpoint protein RAD17; RAD17; R24L; Cell cycle checkpoint protein RAD17; hRad17; RFC/activator 1 homolog

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is highly similar to the gene product of *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* rad17, a cell cycle checkpoint gene required for cell cycle arrest and DNA damage repair in response to DNA damage. This protein shares strong similarity with DNA replication factor C (RFC), and can form a complex with RFCs. This protein binds to chromatin prior to DNA damage and is phosphorylated by the checkpoint kinase ATR following damage. This protein recruits the RAD1-RAD9-HUS1 checkpoint protein complex onto chromatin after DNA damage, which may be required for its phosphorylation. The phosphorylation of this protein is required for the DNA-damage-induced cell cycle G2 arrest, and is thought to be a critical early event during checkpoint signaling in DNA-damaged cells. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene, which encode four distinct protein isoforms, h

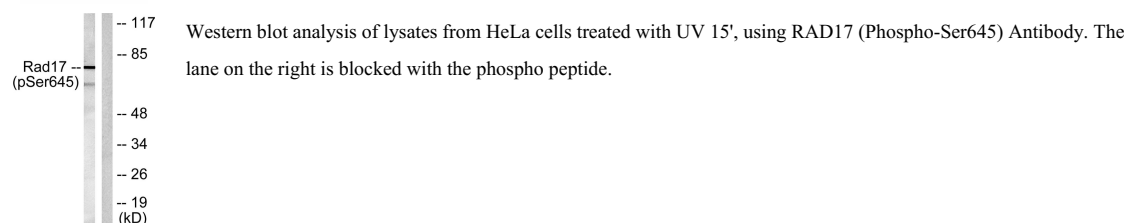
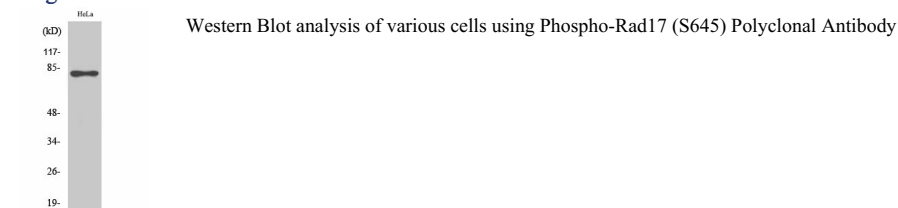
Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

ELISA: 1: 5000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images



Storage

-20°C for 1 year

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