

TR13C Polyclonal Antibody

Description

Product type Primary Antibody

Code BT-AP15104

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Size 20ul, 50ul, 100ul

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein

Mol wt N/A

Species reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Clonality Polyclonal

Recommended application WB, ELISA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Full name Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 13C

Synonyms Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 13C; B-cell-activating factor receptor; BAFF

receptor;BAFF-R;BLyS receptor 3;CD antigen CD268

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

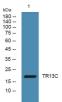
B cell-activating factor (BAFF) enhances B-cell survival in vitro and is a regulator of the peripheral B-cell population. Overexpression of Baff in mice results in mature B-cell hyperplasia and symptoms of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). Also, some SLE patients have increased levels of BAFF in serum. Therefore, it has been proposed that abnormally high levels of BAFF may contribute to the pathogenesis of autoimmune diseases by enhancing the survival of autoreactive B cells. The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for BAFF and is a type III transmembrane protein containing a single extracellular cysteine-rich domain. It is thought that this receptor is the principal receptor required for BAFF-mediated mature B-cell survival.

Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000 ELISA: 1: 5000 - 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jarkat cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°C overnight

Storage

-20°C for 1 year