

## Vav(Phospho Tyr160) Polyclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-AP15430
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	100ul, 50ul, 20ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human VAV1 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr160. AA range:131-180
<b>Mol wt</b>	98314
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	IHC-p, IF, ELISA
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	Proto-oncogene vav
<b>Synonyms</b>	Proto-oncogene vav; VAV1; VAV; Proto-oncogene vav

**This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.**

### Background

This gene is a member of the VAV gene family. The VAV proteins are guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs) for Rho family GTPases that activate pathways leading to actin cytoskeletal rearrangements and transcriptional alterations. The encoded protein is important in hematopoiesis, playing a role in T-cell and B-cell development and activation. The encoded protein has been identified as the specific binding partner of Nef proteins from HIV-1. Coexpression and binding of these partners initiates profound morphological changes, cytoskeletal rearrangements and the JNK/SAPK signaling cascade, leading to increased levels of viral transcription and replication. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene.

### Recommended Dilution

IHC-p: 1: 100 - 1: 300

ELISA: 1: 5000

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images

No images.

### Storage

-20°C for 1 year