

ABCG2 Monoclonal Antibody

Description

Product type	Primary Antibody
Code	BT-MCA0123
Host	Mouse
Isotype	IgG
Size	50ul, 100ul
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human ABCG2 expressed in E. Coli.
Mol wt	N/A
Species reactivity	Human,Mouse,Monkey
Clonality	Monoclonal
Recommended application	WB, IHC-p, IF, ICC, FCM, ELISA
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Full name	ATP-binding cassette sub-family G member 2
Synonyms	ABCG2; ABCP; BCRP; BCRP1; MXR; ATP-binding cassette sub-family G member 2; Breast cancer resistance protein; CDw338; Mitoxantrone resistance-associated protein; Placenta-specific ATP-binding cassette transporter; CD antigen CD338

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

The membrane-associated protein encoded by this gene is included in the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the White subfamily. Alternatively referred to as a breast cancer resistance protein, this protein functions as a xenobiotic transporter which may play a major role in multi-drug resistance. It likely serves as a cellular defense mechanism in response to mitoxantrone and anthracycline exposure. Significant expression of this protein has been observed in the placenta, which may suggest a potential role for this molecule in placenta tissue. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilution

FC: 1:200 - 1:400

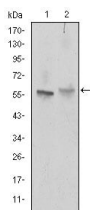
IF: 1:200 - 1:1000

IHC: 1:200 - 1:1000

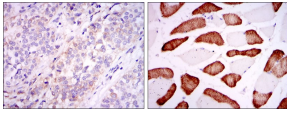
WB: 1:500 - 1:2000

Not yet tested in other applications.

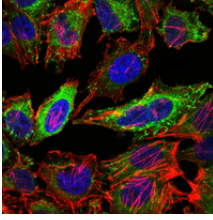
Images



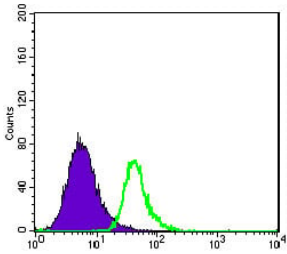
Western Blot analysis using ABCG2 Monoclonal antibody against NIH/3T3 (1) and Cos7 (2) cell lysate.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded bladder cancer tissues (left) and skeletal muscle tissues (right) with DAB staining using ABCG2 Monoclonal antibody.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using ABCG2 Monoclonal antibody (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.



Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using ABCG2 Monoclonal antibody (green) and negative control (purple).

Storage

-20°C for one year

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