

## EphB4 Monoclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-MCA0493
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	50ul, 100ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of EphB4 (aa562-612)expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Mol wt</b>	N/A
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	WB, ELISA
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	Ephrin type-B receptor 4
<b>Synonyms</b>	EPHB4; HTK; MYK1; TYRO11; Ephrin type-B receptor 4; Hepatoma transmembrane kinase; Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO11

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

### Background

Ephrin receptors and their ligands, the ephrins, mediate numerous developmental processes, particularly in the nervous system. Based on their structures and sequence relationships, ephrins are divided into the ephrin-A (EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a glycosylphosphatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-B (EFNB) class, which are transmembrane proteins. The Eph family of receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. Ephrin receptors make up the largest subgroup of the receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) family. The protein encoded by this gene binds to ephrin-B2 and plays an essential role in vascular development.

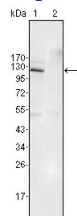
### Recommended Dilution

ELISA: 1:10000

WB: 1:500 - 1:2000

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images



Western Blot analysis using EphB4 Monoclonal antibody against Jurkat (1) and HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

### Storage

-20°C for one year