

## SMC1 Monoclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-MCA1142
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	50ul, 100ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant human SMC1 (C-terminus) protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
<b>Mol wt</b>	N/A
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	WB
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	Structural maintenance of chromosomes protein 1A
<b>Synonyms</b>	SMC1A; DXS423E; KIAA0178; SB1.8; SMC1; SMC1L1; Structural maintenance of chromosomes protein 1A; SMC protein 1A; SMC-1-alpha; SMC-1A; Sb1.8

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

### Background

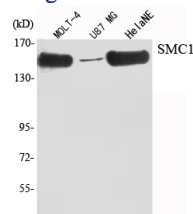
Proper cohesion of sister chromatids is a prerequisite for the correct segregation of chromosomes during cell division. The cohesin multiprotein complex is required for sister chromatid cohesion. This complex is composed partly of two structural maintenance of chromosomes (SMC) proteins, SMC3 and either SMC1B or the protein encoded by this gene. Most of the cohesin complexes dissociate from the chromosomes before mitosis, although those complexes at the kinetochore remain. Therefore, the encoded protein is thought to be an important part of functional kinetochores. In addition, this protein interacts with BRCA1 and is phosphorylated by ATM, indicating a potential role for this protein in DNA repair. This gene, which belongs to the SMC gene family, is located in an area of the X-chromosome that escapes X inactivation. Mutations in this gene result in Cornelia de Lange syndrome. Altern

### Recommended Dilution

WB: 1:1000 - 1:2000

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images



Western Blot analysis using SMC1 Monoclonal antibody against MOLT-4, U87 MG cell lysate, HeLa nuclear extract.

### Storage

-20°C for one year