

## Phospho-Bad (S155) Polyclonal Antibody

### Description

<b>Product type</b>	Primary Antibody
<b>Code</b>	BT-PHS00030
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Size</b>	20ul, 50ul, 100ul
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human BAD around the phosphorylation site of Ser155. AA range:119-168
<b>Mol wt</b>	18392
<b>Species reactivity</b>	Human, mouse, rat
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Recommended application</b>	WB, IHC-p, IF, ELISA
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Full name</b>	Phospho-Bad (S155) Antibody
<b>Synonyms</b>	BAD; BBC6; BCL2L8; Bcl2 antagonist of cell death; BAD; Bcl-2-binding component 6; Bcl-2-like protein 8; Bcl2-L-8; Bcl-XL/Bcl-2-associated death promoter

**This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.**

### Background

BCL2 associated agonist of cell death encoded by BAD is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are known to be regulators of programmed cell death. BCL2 associated agonist of cell death positively regulates cell apoptosis by forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proapoptotic activity of BCL2 associated agonist of cell death is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation of BCL2 associated agonist of cell death. Alternative splicing of BAD results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform.

### Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000

IHC: 1: 100 - 1: 300

IF: 1: 200 - 1: 1000

ELISA: 1: 10000

Not yet tested in other applications.

### Images

No images.

### Storage

-20°C for one year